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## Structure of *trans*-Dichlorobis[1,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ethane]osmium(II) Dichloromethane Solvate

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### Abstract

The structure consists of discrete *trans* octahedral molecules with Os—Cl = 2.434 (1) Å and Os—P = 2.372 (1) and 2.348 (1) Å.

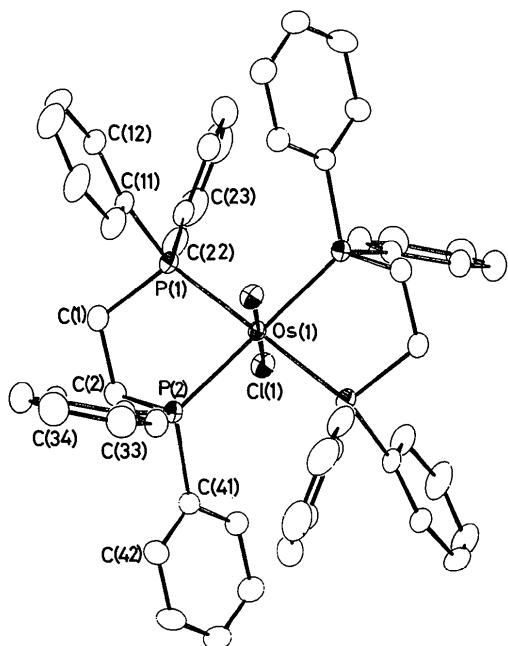


Fig. 1. View of  $[\text{OsCl}_2(\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{24}\text{P}_2)_2]\cdot\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  showing the atom-labelling scheme. H atoms are excluded and the thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

### Comment

Crystals of the title compound were obtained during studies of the effects of ligand set and metal stereochemistry on the relative stabilities of osmium(II), -(III) and -(IV) complexes (Champness, Levason, Pletcher, Spicer & Webster, 1992). The structure consists of discrete *trans* octahedral molecules with the Os atom located on a centre of symmetry. The geometry is very similar to that of *trans*- $[\text{Ru}(\text{Ph}_2\text{PCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{PPh}_2)_2\text{Cl}_2]$  (Lobana, Singh & Tiekink, 1990), for which Ru—Cl = 2.436 (1), Ru—P = 2.389 (1), 2.369 (1) Å and P—Ru—P = 82.1 (1)°. Comparison may also be made with an Os complex containing a four-membered chelate ring,  $[\text{Os}\{\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{C}(\text{PPh}_2)_2\}_2\text{Cl}_2]$ , for which Os—Cl = 2.431 (1), Os—P = 2.343 (1), 2.330 (1) Å and P—Os—P = 72.74 (3)° (Cotton, Diebold & Matusz, 1987).

### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$[\text{OsCl}_2(\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{24}\text{P}_2)_2]\cdot\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$	$D_x = 1.597 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 1142.9$	$D_m = 1.57 (2) \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Triclinic	Density measured by flotation in $\text{CCl}_4\text{--C}_6\text{H}_{14}$
$P\bar{1}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 10.065 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\lambda = 0.71069 \text{ \AA}$
$b = 10.437 (2) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 24
$c = 12.974 (4) \text{ \AA}$	reflections
$\alpha = 68.22 (2)^\circ$	$\theta = 13.0 - 17.3^\circ$
$\beta = 70.69 (2)^\circ$	$\mu = 3.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\gamma = 88.31 (2)^\circ$	$T = 293 (3) \text{ K}$
$V = 1187.6 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$	Air-stable blocks
$Z = 1$	$0.40 \times 0.22 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$
	Pale yellow

#### Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.011$
$\theta/\theta$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$
Absorption correction:	$h = 0 \rightarrow 12$
empirical	$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.91$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 1.00$	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$
4947 measured reflections	1 standard reflection
4666 independent reflections	frequency: 60 min
4644 observed reflections	intensity variation: 3.5%
$[F > 3\sigma(F)]$	

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.2$
Final $R = 0.0231$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$wR = 0.0313$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -1.02 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.27$	Atomic scattering factors from <i>SHELX76</i> (Sheldrick, 1976) (C, H, P, Cl) and <i>International Tables for X-ray Crystallography</i> (1974, Vol. IV, Table 2.3.1) (Os)
4639 reflections	
278 parameters	
H-atom parameters not refined	
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F) + 0.0004F^2]$	

Table 1. Fractional atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic thermal parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U_{\text{eq}} = \frac{1}{3} \sum_i \sum_j U_{ij} a_i^* a_j^* \mathbf{a}_i \cdot \mathbf{a}_j$	x	y	z	$U_{\text{eq}}$
Os1	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0238 (2)
C11	0.2577 (1)	0.0244 (1)	-0.0760 (1)	0.0360 (6)	
P1	0.0343 (1)	0.1507 (1)	0.0901 (1)	0.0287 (6)	
P2	0.0212 (1)	0.2115 (1)	-0.1584 (1)	0.0311 (6)	
C1	0.1064 (4)	0.3268 (3)	-0.0266 (3)	0.0413 (28)	
C2	0.1454 (3)	0.3310 (3)	-0.1521 (3)	0.0385 (26)	
C11	-0.1125 (3)	0.2036 (3)	0.1900 (3)	0.0336 (25)	
C12	-0.1016 (4)	0.2347 (3)	0.2828 (3)	0.0440 (30)	
C13	-0.2149 (5)	0.2809 (4)	0.3503 (3)	0.0594 (39)	
C14	-0.3387 (4)	0.2980 (4)	0.3250 (4)	0.0651 (44)	
C15	-0.3484 (4)	0.2736 (4)	0.2307 (4)	0.0631 (46)	
C16	-0.2361 (4)	0.2270 (4)	0.1628 (4)	0.0500 (36)	
C21	0.1623 (3)	0.1060 (3)	0.1676 (3)	0.0359 (27)	
C22	0.3053 (4)	0.1476 (4)	0.1047 (3)	0.0488 (36)	
C23	0.4060 (4)	0.1031 (5)	0.1581 (5)	0.0665 (52)	
C24	0.3626 (5)	0.0161 (5)	0.2765 (5)	0.0764 (64)	
C25	0.2211 (5)	-0.0228 (4)	0.3406 (4)	0.0656 (48)	
C26	0.1194 (4)	0.0200 (3)	0.2866 (3)	0.0456 (33)	
C31	-0.1373 (3)	0.3014 (3)	-0.1578 (3)	0.0375 (26)	
C32	-0.2537 (4)	0.2338 (4)	-0.1589 (3)	0.0469 (32)	
C33	-0.3776 (4)	0.2947 (4)	-0.1558 (4)	0.0589 (40)	
C34	-0.3882 (5)	0.4238 (5)	-0.1510 (4)	0.0674 (46)	
C35	-0.2740 (5)	0.4928 (4)	-0.1498 (4)	0.0633 (43)	
C36	-0.1485 (4)	0.4336 (4)	-0.1543 (3)	0.0498 (34)	
C41	0.0996 (4)	0.2277 (3)	-0.3123 (3)	0.0383 (26)	
C42	0.0510 (5)	0.3154 (4)	-0.4010 (3)	0.0564 (36)	
C43	0.1111 (6)	0.3214 (5)	-0.5156 (3)	0.0721 (45)	
C44	0.2175 (5)	0.2423 (4)	-0.5438 (3)	0.0661 (40)	
C45	0.2666 (4)	0.1557 (4)	-0.4574 (3)	0.0542 (35)	
C46	0.2079 (4)	0.1486 (3)	-0.3423 (3)	0.0434 (29)	
C12S†	0.5340 (4)	0.3950 (4)	0.5889 (2)	0.1906 (51)	
C3S‡	0.4164	0.4751	0.5144	0.0600	

† Site occupancy refined to 0.928 (6).

‡ Site occupancy refined to 0.464 (3).

Table 2. Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , °)

Os1—C11	2.434 (1)	P1—C21	1.832 (3)
Os1—P1	2.372 (1)	P2—C2	1.833 (3)
Os1—P2	2.348 (1)	P2—C31	1.826 (3)
P1—C1	1.867 (3)	P2—C41	1.831 (3)
P1—C11	1.839 (3)		
C11—Os1—P1	83.1 (1)	C1—P1—C11	97.7 (1)
C11—Os1—P2	85.2 (1)	C1—P1—C21	104.3 (1)
P1—Os1—P2	81.9 (1)	C11—P1—C21	103.3 (1)
Os1—P1—C1	109.0 (1)	C2—P2—C31	104.8 (1)
Os1—P1—C11	123.1 (1)	C2—P2—C41	101.2 (1)
Os1—P1—C21	116.5 (1)	C31—P2—C41	102.8 (1)
Os1—P2—C2	106.4 (1)	P1—C1—C2	113.4 (2)
Os1—P2—C31	117.7 (1)	P2—C2—C1	110.6 (2)
Os1—P2—C41	121.7 (1)		
P1—C1—C2—P2	35.4 (3)		

Crystals were grown by vapour diffusion of  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  into a  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  solution of the compound and mounted in glass capillaries. Five reflections thought to be suffering from extinction were excluded. For the disordered solvent molecule ( $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ), isotropic C3S was not refined and no H atoms were included. The remaining H-atom positions were determined from electron-density maps but not refined. Data collection: *Enraf–Nonius Structure Determination Package* (Frenz, 1985). Cell refinement: *Enraf–Nonius Structure Determination Package*. Data reduction: *Enraf–Nonius Structure Determination Package*. Program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELX76* (Sheldrick, 1976). Program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELX76* (Sheldrick, 1976). Molecular graphics: *ORTEPII* (Johnson, 1976).

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Lists of structure factors, anisotropic thermal parameters, H-atom coordinates and complete geometry have been deposited with the British Library Document Supply Centre as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 71319 (32 pp.). Copies may be obtained through The Technical Editor, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England. [CIF reference: HA1057]

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## Structures of Two Encapsulated Cobalt(III) Complexes Containing cyclo-Triphosphate

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## Abstract

The conformational and packing properties of two encapsulated cobalt(III) complexes containing cyclo-triphosphate have been investigated. Compound (I),